Opine-niche construction and plasmid Ti transfer

Julien LANG, Armelle VIGOUROUX, Yves DESSAUX, Solange MORERA and **Denis FAURE***

Institute for integrative biology of the cell, CEA, CNRS, Université Paris-sud, Université Paris-Saclay, 91198 Gif sur Yvette CEDEX, France

* denis.faure@i2bc.paris-saclay.fr

Agrobacterium tumefaciens directs the production of opines in the transformed plant host, hence the construction of the opine niche. Some opines activate a quorum-sensing regulatory process that controls the conjugative transfer of the Ti plasmid.

We investigated how the constructed niche modulates propagation of the Ti plasmid in A. tumefaciens C58 population colonizing the plant tumor. We measured the fitness advantage conferred by the opine nopaline to the A. tumefaciens pathogens carrying the Ti plasmid (Lang et al 2014). However, we showed that gamma-aminobutyrate (GABA), which accumulates in plant tumor niche, downregulates quorum-sensing and Ti-transfer in the hosting pathogens because of the BlcC lactonase expression (Lang et al 2016 New Phytologist). Recently, we investigated niche extension process in nopaline-type A. tumefaciens C58. We showed that despite the possibility for the nopaline-type A. tumefaciens C58 to extend its niche through assimilation of octopine in the presence of nopaline, this pathogen had no selective advantage over octopine-type A. tumefaciens R10 in tumors resulting from a co-infection. A single nucleotide polymorphism in the nocR gene was sufficient to allow octopine assimilation by nopaline-type strains independently of the presence of nopaline. However, by comparing *nocR* mutantsa with their wild-type ancestor, we observed a fitness increase in octopine-rich transgenic plants, and a fitness decrease in tumors induced by octopine-type pathogen. Overall this work highlights the role of plant host and fitness trade-off in driving plant A. tumefaciens populations and Ti plasmid dynamics in the opine niche.

J. Lang, A. Gonzalez-Mula, L. Taconnat, G. Clement, D. Faure. 2016. The plant GABA signaling downregulates horizontal transfer of the *Agrobacterium tumefaciens* virulence plasmid. New Phytologist 210(3): 974–983.

J. Lang*, A. Vigouroux*, S. Planamente, A. El Sahili, P. Blin, M. Aumont-Nicaise, Y. Dessaux, S. Moréra and D. Faure. 2014. *Agrobacterium* uses a unique ligand-binding mode for trapping opines and acquiring a competitive advantage in the niche construction on plant host. PLoS Pathogens 10(10): e1004444. * equal contribution